VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)

ACCREDITED BY NAAC WITH 'A++' GRADE Ibrahimbagh, Hyderabad-31 Approved by A.I.C.T.E., New Delhi and Affiliated to Osmania University, Hyderabad-07

Sponsored by VASAVI ACADEMY OF EDUCATION Hyderabad



SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND SYLLABI UNDER CBCS FOR B.E. (ECE) VII and VIII Semesters With effect from 2021-22 (For the batch admitted in 2018-19)

(R-18)



DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING Phones: +91-40-23146040, 23146041 Fax: +91-40-23146090

Institute Vision

Striving for a symbiosis of technological excellence and human values

Institute Mission

To arm young brains with competitive technology and nurture holistic development of the individuals for a better tomorrow

Department Vision

Striving for excellence in teaching, training and research in the areas of Electronics and Communication Engineering and fostering ethical values

Department Mission

To inculcate a spirit of scientific temper and analytical thinking and train the students in contemporary technologies in Electronics and Communication Engineering to meet the needs of the industry and society with ethical values

B.E	B.E (ECE) Program Educational Objectives (PEO's)			
PEO I	Graduates will be able to identify, analyze and solve engineering problems.			
PEO II	Graduates will be able to succeed in their careers, higher education, and research.			
PEO III	Graduates will be able to excel individually and in multidisciplinary teams to solve industry and societal problems.			
PEO IV	Graduates will be able to exhibit leadership qualities and lifelong learning skills with ethical values.			

B.E. (ECE) PROGRAM OUTCOMES (PO's)		
Engine	ering Graduates will be able to:	
PO1	Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	
PO2	Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences.	
PO3	Design / development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety and the cultural, societal and environmental considerations.	
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	
PO5	Modern tool usage: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	
PO6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	
PO7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge of and need for sustainable development.	
PO8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	
PO9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multidisciplinary settings.	
PO10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, give and receive clear instructions.	
PO11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	
P012	Lifelong learning: Recognize the need, and for have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.	

B.E	B.E (ECE) PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO's)		
PSO I	ECE students will be able to analyze and offer circuit and system level solutions for complex electronics engineering problems, keeping in mind the latest technological trends.		
PSO II	ECE students will be able to apply the acquired knowledge and skills in modeling and simulation of wireless communication systems.		
PSO III	ECE students will be able to implement signal and image processing techniques for real time applications.		

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS) :: IBRAHIMBAGH, HYDERABAD – 500 031. DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION **(R-18)** :: B.E. - ECE : SEVENTH SEMESTER (2021 - 22)

B.E (ECE) VII - SEMESTER								
		Schem	ne of Insti	ruction	Scheme	of Exam	nation	ts
Course Code	Name of the Course	Но	urs per W	eek	Duration	Maximu	m Marks	edi
		L	Т	P/D	in Hrs	SEE	CIE	5
	TF	IEORY					-	
U18PC710EC	Microwave Engineering	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PC720EC	VLSI Design	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PE7XXEC	Professional Elective – I	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PE7XXEC	Professional Elective – II	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PE7XXEC	Professional Elective – III	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PE7XXEC	Professional Elective – IV	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
	PRA	CTICALS						
U18PC711EC	Microwave Engineering Lab	-	-	2	3	50	30	1
U18PC721EC	VLSI Design Lab	-	-	2	3	50	30	1
U18PW719EC	Project Seminar	-	-	2	-	-	30	1
TOTAL 18 - 6 - 460 330 21								
GRAND TOTAL 24 790								
Left over hours are allocated for : CC								
Note: Every students should acquire one online certification course during III-VII Semester								

	Professional Electives (R – 18) : Semester – VII				
Pro	Professional Elective – I				
1.	U18PE710EC	IoT Architectures and Protocols			
2.	U18PE720EC	Mobile Cellular Communication			
3.	U18PE730EC	DSP Processors and Architectures			
4.	U18PE740EC	Wireless Sensor Networks			
Pro	fessional Elec	ctive – II			
5.	U18PE750EC	Advanced Embedded Systems			
6.	U18PE760EC	Optical Fiber Communication			
7.	U18PE770EC	Speech and Audio Signal Processing			
8.	U18PE780EC	Network Security			
Pro	fessional Elec	ctive – III			
9.	U18PE790EC	Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) Architectures			
10.	U18PE711EC	Coding theory and Techniques			
11.	U18PE721EC	Digital Image and Video Processing			
12.	U18PE731EC	Network Management			
Pro	Professional Elective – IV				
13.	U18PE741EC	Electronic Instrumentation			
14.	U18PE751EC	Satellite communication			
15.	U18PE761EC	Biomedical Signal Processing			
16.	U18PE771EC	Voice and Data Networks			

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Microwave Engineering

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PC710EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1. Analyze the field components of	On completion of the course, students
waveguides	will be able to
2. Understand the characteristics of	1. Anlayse the E and H fields
Microwave sources and components	components of parallel and
	rectangular waveguides
	2. Derive the characteristics of
	circular waveguides and cavity
	resonators
	3. Analyse the scattering parameters
	of microwave components
	4. Demonstrate the characteristics of
	Microwave sources
	5. Describe the characteristics of
	microwave solid-state devices

UNIT-I :

Guided waves: Propagation of TE, TM and TEM waves between parallel planes. Velocity of propagation, wave impedance, attenuation in parallel plane guides.

UNIT-II:

Wave Guides: TE and TM waves in rectangular waveguides, Wave Impedance, Characteristic Impedance, Attenuation and Q of wave-guides. Introduction to Circular wave-guides, Cavity resonators, resonant frequency and Q, Applications of cavity resonator.

UNIT-III:

Microwave Circuits and Components: Concept of Microwave circuit, Normalized voltage and current, Introduction to scattering parameters and their properties, S parameters for reciprocal and Non-reciprocal components- Magic Tee, Directional coupler, E and H Plane Tees and their properties, Attenuators, Phase Shifters, Isolators and circulators.

UNIT-IV:

Microwave Tubes: High frequency limitations of conventional tubes, Bunching and velocity modulation, mathematical theory of bunching, principles and operation of two cavity, multi cavity, Reflex Klystron. Principle and operation of magnetrons, TWT.

UNIT-V:

Microwave Solid State Devices: Principles of operation, characteristics and applications of Varactor, PIN diode, GUNN diode and IMPATT diode, Elements of strip lines, micro strip lines and fin lines.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Samuel Y. Liao ,Microwave Devices and Circuits, 3rd ed, Pearson, 2003
- 2. Edward C. Jordon, Keith G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", 2015, Pearson, 2nd Edition.
- 3. R.E. Collins, "Foundations of Microwave Engineering", II edition, Wiley, 2001
- 4. K.C. Gupta "Microwaves", John Wiley & Sons, 2012
- 5. Annapurna Das, Sisir K. Das, "Microwave Engineering" Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2000
- 6. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_ee57
- 7. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_ee68

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

VLSI Design

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PC720EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1 To understand the MOS fabrication	On completion of the course, students
technologies, electrical properties and	will be able to
develop layout of MOS circuits,	1 Acquire fundamental knowledge on
subsystem, memory elements and	MOSFET characteristics and its
perform testing.	2 Analyze the fabrication process and
	physical design of CMOS circuits.
	3 Identify the suitable basic digital
	building blocks in the design of digital
	systems.
	4 Analyze the various types of memory cells.
	5 Identify the significance of testing in
	VLSI Design.

UNIT-I :

Basic electrical properties of MOSFET: MOS Transistor threshold voltage, trans conductance, output conductance, Figure of merit, Body Effect, pull-up to pull-down ratio for NMOS inverter driven by another NMOS inverter/one or more pass transistors, NMOS transistor model, Sheet Resistance, Area Capacitance.

UNIT-II:

Introduction to CMOS fabrication process, Twin tub Process, latch up in CMOS circuits.

CMOS circuit physical design process: MOS Layers, Stick diagrams, Euler Path in stick diagram, Design rules, types of design rules, Layout diagrams of Basic CMOS Logic gates.

UNIT-III:

CMOS Subsystem design: Architectural issues, Carry select adder, carry save adder and Carry Skip adder, Multiplication: array multiplication,

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Wallace tree multiplication. Multiplexer and D Flip-Flop using Transmission gates.

UNIT-IV:

Design of Basic Memory Cells: Classifications of Memories, one and three transistor dynamic RAM cells, four transistor and six transistor Static RAM, Read only memory: Basic ROM architecture, NOR and NAND based ROM Memory Design. EPROM, EEPROM.

UNIT-V:

CMOS testing: role of testing, types of testing, functionality tests, manufacturing tests, stuck-at faults, short circuit and open circuit faults, controllability, observability, delay fault testing, level sensitive scan design, IDDQ testing, Automatic test equipment, electrical parametric testing.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Kamran Eshraghian, Douglas A. Pucknell, "Basic VLSI Design", PHI.
- 2. Introduction to VLSI circuits and Systems by John P. Uyemura, Wiley student edition.
- 3. Neil H.Weste, kamraneshraghan, "Principles of CMOS VLSI design", Pearson education.
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108107129/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117101058/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Microwave Engineering Lab

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 0:0:2	SEE Marks : 50	Course Code: U18PC711EC
Credits : 1	CIE Marks : 30	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	Understand the basic characteristics	On completion of the course, students
	of Microwave sources	will be able to
2	Verify the relationship between	1 Describe the characteristics of
	guided wavelength and free space	microwave sources
	wavelength	2 Estimate the guide wave length and
3	Understand the measurement of	free space wave length
	various parameters of microwave	3 Measure the VSWR and impedance
	components	of unknown load
		4 construct the scattering matrix of
		microwave junctions
		5 Demonstrate characteristics of
		ferrite devices

Experiments:

- 1. Characteristics of Reflex Klystron oscillator
- 2. Characteristics of Gunn diode oscillator
- 3. Measurement of frequency and Guide wavelength calculation
- 4. Measurement of VSWR of a given load
- 5. Measurement of impedance
- 6. Scattering matrix of a Directional coupler.
- 7. Scattering matrix of Waveguide Tees: E plane, H plane
- 8. Scattering matrix of Magic Tee.
- 9. Characteristics of Isolator and its scattering matrix
- 10. Characteristics of Circulator and its scattering matrix
- 11. Calibration of attenuator at a given frequency
- 12. Calibration of frequency meter at a given frequency

New Experiments:

- 1. Radiation pattern measurement of an antenna
- 2. Analysis of rectangular wave guide.

Mini Project(s):

Simulation and Analysis of waveguide components

Learning Resources:

- 1. MATLAB
- 2. Advanced Design Software(ADS)

The break-up of CIE :

- 1. No. of Internal Tests
- 2. Max. Marks for internal tests
- 3. Marks for day-to-day laboratory class work

Duration of Internal Tests: 3 Hours



DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

VLSI Design Lab

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 0:0:2	SEE Marks : 50	Course Code: U18PC721EC
Credits : 1	CIE Marks : 30	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1. To perform VLSI design of CMOS circuits using EDA Tools.	 On completion of the course, students will be able to 1. Demonstrate the knowledge of digital circuit design flow. 2. Analyse the process of simulation of combinational sequential circuits. 3. Validate and demonstrate the results of digital circuits.

- 1. Simulate the parameters of NMOS, PMOS transistors from its characteristics.
- 2. Design and simulate the Symmetrical CMOS inverter.
- 3. Simulate and compare the performance of CMOS inverter over NMOS inverter.
- 4. Design and simulate the two input CMOS NAND/NOR gate.
- 5. Design and simulate the 4- bit CMOS adder
- 6. Design and simulate Carry bypass adder.
- 7. Design and simulate the D-Flip Flop using transmission gates
- 8. Simulate the dynamic memory 1 Transistor and 3 Transistor cells.
- 9. Simulate the static memory 6 Transistor cell.
- 10. Layout design of CMOS inverter
- 11. Layout design of CMOS two input NAND/ NOR gates.
- 12. Perform DRC and LVS of CMOS inverter
- 13. Perform parasitic extraction of CMOS inverter
- 14. Perform Post layout level simulation of CMOS inverter
- 15. Perform any one type of CMOS testing.

Note:

Minimum of twelve experiments are to be conducted.

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Day to day Assignments

- 1. No. of Internal Tests
- 2. Max. Marks for internal tests
- 3. Marks for day-to-day laboratory class work

Duration of Internal Tests: 3 Hours

:	1
:	12
:	18

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Project Seminar

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 0:0:3	SEE Marks : -	Course Code: U18PW719EC
Credits : 1	CIE Marks : 30	Duration of SEE : -

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Prepare the student for a systematic	On completion of the course, students
and independent study of the state of	will be able to
the art topics in a broad area of his /	1. Selection of a suitable topic / problem
her specialization.	for investigation and presentation.
	2. Carryout literature survey and
	prepare the presentation.
	3. Formulating the problem, identify
	tools and techniques for solving the
	problems.
	4. Clear communication and
	presentation of the seminar topic.
	5. Apply ethical principles in preparation
	of project seminar report.

Oral presentation is an important aspect of engineering education. The objective of the seminar is to prepare the student for a systematic and independent study of the state of the art topics in a broad area of his / her specialization.

Project seminar topics may be chosen by the student with advice and approval from the faculty members. Students are to be exposed to the following aspects of seminar presentation.

- Literature Survey
- Organization of the material
- Presentation of OHP slides / PC presentation
- Technical report writing

Each student is required to:

- 1. Submit a one-page synopsis before the seminar talk for display on the notice board.
- 2. Give a 20 minutes presentation through OHP, PC, Slide project followed by a 10 minutes discussion.
- 3. Submit a report on the seminar topic with list of references and slides used.

Seminars are to be scheduled from the 3rd week of the semester to the last week of the semester and any change in schedule should be discouraged.

Students are required to submit a report on the project seminar.

- Batch size shall be 2 (or) 3 students per batch.
- > Allocation by department.
- Two reviews One during 5th week and another during 10th week and final evaluation shall be conducted during 15th to 16th week.
- > Students are required to give Presentations during the reviews.
- > Students are required to submit project seminar report.

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

IoT Architectures and Protocols

(Professional Elective-I)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE710EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
The purpose of this course is to	On completion of the course, students will be able to
impart knowledge on IoT	1. Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT
Architecture, practical	2. Enumerate the need and the challenges in Real
constrains, various protocols	World Design Constraints
and multiple case studies.	3. Choose the required protocol for a given
	application.
	Explore IoT usage in various applications
	5. Understand the Security requirements in IoT.

UNIT - I : IoT

Definition and Technologies that led to evolution of IOT, Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT, Logical Design of IoT, IoT Enabling Technologies, IoT Levels & Deployment. M2M and IoT Technology Fundamentals- Devices and gateways, Local and wide area networking, Data management, Business processes in IoT.

UNIT - II : IoT Reference Architecture

Introduction, Functional View, Information View, Deployment and Operational View, Other Relevant architectural views. IoT edge system architecture.

Real-World Design Constraints: Technical Design constraints, Connectivity constraints, Data representation and visualization, Big Data Management.

UNIT - III : IoT communications

Data link and physical layer Protocols: PHY/MAC Layer (IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.15), Z-Wave, Bluetooth Low Energy, Zigbee Smart Energy; Network Layer Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, 6LoWPAN; Transport layer protocols: TCP, MPTCP, UDP;

Messaging protocols: MQTT, CoAP, XMPP, DDS, AMQP.

UNIT - IV : Case Studies

Smart Cities, Smart Homes, Smart Transportation, Smart Healthcare, Precision Agriculture, Connected Vehicles.

IOT in Indian Scenario: i) IOT and Aadhaar ii) IOT for health services.

iii) IOT for financial inclusion. iv) IOT for rural empowerment.

Industry 4.0: Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT), Reference Architecture, Characteristics of Industry 4.0.

UNIT - V : Securing the Internet of Things

Security Requirements in IoT Architecture - Security in Enabling Technologies, Security Concerns in IoT Applications.

Security Architecture in the Internet of Things - Security Requirements in IoT, Insufficient Authentication/Authorization, Insecure Access Control, Threats to Access Control, Privacy, and Availability, Attacks Specific to IoT. Security and Vulnerabilities – Secrecy & Secret Key Capacity, Authentication/Authorization for Smart Devices, Transport Encryption, Secure Cloud/Web Interface, Secure Software/Firmware, Physical Layer Security.

Learning Resources:

- 1 Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, —The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", 1st Edition, 2017, CRC Press.
- 2 David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton, Jerome Henny "IoT Fundamentals: Networking technologies Protocols, and Use Cases for the internet of things", June, 2017, Cisco press.
- 3 Jan Holler, VlasiosTsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stefan Avesand, Stamatis Karnouskos, David Boyle, —From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things: Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence||, 1st Edition, 2014, Academic Press.
- 4 Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, —Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach||, Universities Press, 2014.
- 5 Practical Internet of Things Security (Kindle Edition) by Brian Russell, Drew Van Duren, Packt Publishing, 2016.
- 6 Securing the Internet of Things Elsevier Authors: Shancang Li Li Da Xu,Paperback ISBN: 9780128044582,Imprint: SyngressPublished Date: 13th January 2017.
- 7 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105166/5
- 8 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108098/4

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Mobile Cellular Communication

(Professional Elective-I)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE720EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES		COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To provide fundamental	On completion of the course, students will be
	principles and concepts	able to
	required to understand the	1 Demonstrate the fundamental design
	cellular communication systems	knowledge of cellular communication
	and standards	systems
2	To apply analytical techniques	2 Analyze different radio channel models
	for characterization of wireless	and apply the knowledge acquired to
	channel	formulate and solve problems.
3	To provide problem solving	3 Choose the proper multiple access
	skills required to analyse and	scheme and modulation scheme
	evaluate the performance of	depending on requirements of design.
	cellular communication	4 Understand the evolution of cellular
	systems.	communication systems, architectures
		and standards
		5 Become acquainted with recent
		advancements and developments in the
		area of mobile cellular communication
		and networking.

UNIT - I : Cellular system design concepts:

Basic Cellular system and its operation, frequency reuse, channel assignment strategies, Handoff process, factors influencing handoffs, handoffs in different Generations, Interference and system capacity, Enhancing capacity and cell coverage, Trunked radio system.

UNIT - II : Mobile Radio Wave propagation:

Large scale propagation models- Free space propagation model, three basic propagation mechanisms, practical link budget design using path loss models, outdoor propagation models-Durkin's model, indoor propagation model-partition losses. Small scale fading and multipath propagation, Parameters of mobile multipath channels, types of small scale fading.

UNIT - III : Multiple Access schemes and Modulation schemes:

FDMA, TDMA, Spread Spectrum Multiple Access- FHMA and CDMA, SDMA, Packet radio protocols-Pure ALOHA and Slotted ALOHA, CSMA, Reservation protocols, Modulation schemes- M-PSK, M-QAM, GMSK, Multicarrier modulation, OFDM.

UNIT - IV : Evolution of cellular systems:

Overview of cellular systems -1G, 2G , 2.5G, 3G and 4G. Wireless systems and standards- AMPS and ETACS, - GSM- Services, System architecture, Radio Sub system, Channel Types, Frame structure and Signal processing. CDMA features: IS-95 -Forward Channel, Reverse Channeling methods

UNIT - V : Beyond 2G cellular systems and Networking

Beyond 2G—GPRS and EDGE, Features and details of 3G systems-CDMA 2000, W-CDMA (UMTS) and HSPA, - Introduction to 4G systems—LTE and WiMAX, -WLAN systems, Bluetooth, PAN, Trends in Radio and Personal Communications.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Theodore.S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice", 2/e, Pearson Education, 2010
- 2. William. C.Y.Lee, "Mobile Communication Engineering", 2/e , Mc-Graw Hill, 2011
- 3. Schwartz , "Mobile Wireless Communications" Cambridge University Press, 2012
- 4. William stallings, "Wireless communications and networks" Pearson Education, 2/e, 2009
- 5. William. C. Y. Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications: Analog and Digital Systems", 2/e, Mc-Graw Hill, 2011.
- 6. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106167/
- 7. Introduction to cellular and wireless communications- by Dr. David.K, IITM
- 8. https://www.coursera.org/learn/wireless-communications
- 9. https://www.udemy.com/introduction-to-wireless-communications/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

: 30 : 5 : 5

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

DSP Processors and Architectures

(Professional Elective-I)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE730EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To give an exposure to the	On completion of the course, students will be able
fixed point point DSP	to
architectures and to	1 Differentiate between DSP Processors and
implement various signal	General Purpose processors.
processing algorithms using	2 Apply different number formats on DSP
TI DSPs.	processors
	3 Understand the architecture details of fixed
	point & floating point DSPs.
	4 Illustrate the features of on-chip peripherals
	and its interfacing with DSP processors.
	5 Design and implement signal processing
	algorithms on DSP processors.

UNIT - I : Number Format Representation and Source of Errors

Introduction, Digital signal processing system, Differences between DSP and other micro processor architectures. Fixed point, Floating point and block Floating point formats, IEEE-754 Floating point, Dynamic range and precision, Sources of error in DSP implementations, A/D Conversion errors, D/A Conversion Errors, Q-notation.

UNIT - II : Architectures for Programmable DSP Devices

Basic Architectural features, DSP Computational Building Blocks, Bus Architecture and Memory, Data Addressing Capabilities, Special addressing modes, Address Generation Unit, Programmability and Program Execution, Speed Issues, Pipelining and Performance, Pipeline Depth, Interlocking, Branching effects, Interrupt effects.

UNIT - III : Programmable Digital Signal Processors

Commercial Digital signal-processing Devices, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX DSPs, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX Processors, Memory space of TMS320C54XX Processors, Program Control, TMS320C54XX instructions and Programming, On-Chip Peripherals,

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Interrupts of TMS320C54XX processors, Pipeline Operation of TMS320C54XX Processors.

UNIT - IV : Floating point DSPs

Types of Floating point DSPs, Features of TMS320C67XX Processors, Architecture of 'C67X Processor-CPU, General Purpose Registers files, Functional Units and Operation, Data paths, Control Register File, Addressing modes-Register, Linear & Circular addressing modes, Instructions set-Fixed and Floating point instructions, Pipelining and onchip peripherals.

UNIT - V : Implementations of Basic DSP Algorithms & Interfacing of 'C54xx

FIR Filters, IIR Filters, Memory space organization, External bus interfacing signals, Memory interface, Parallel I/O interface, Programmed I/O, Interrupts and I/O, Direct memory access (DMA). A Multichannel buffered serial port (McBSP), McBSP Programming, a CODEC interface circuit, CODEC programming, A CODEC-DSP interface example, An Image Processing System.

Learning Resource:

- Avtar Singh, S. Srinivasan "Digital Signal Processing Implementations: Using DSP Microprocessors--With Examples from TMS320C54xx", Cengage Learning (2004)
- 2. B. Venkataramani, M. Bhaskar, "Digital Signal Processors, Architecture Programming and Applications", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2013.
- 3. Lapsley et al. "DSP Processor Fundamentals, Architectures & Features", S. Chand & Co, 2000.
- 4. Rulph Chassaing, "Digital Signal Processing and Applications with the C6713 and C6416 DSK", John wiley & sons, 2005.
- Digital Signal Processing: A practical approach, Ifeachor E. C., Jervis B. W Pearson Education, PHI/ 2002
- 6. "Architectures for Digital Signal Processing", Peter Pirsch John Weily, 2007.
- 7. Jonatham Stein, "Digital Signal Processing", John Wiley, 2005.
- 8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108102045/8

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Wireless Sensor Networks

(Professional Elective-I)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE740EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	Differentiate WSNs and	On completion of the course, students will be able
	mobile ad-hoc networks	to
	and illustrate the single	1 Synthesize Wireless Sensor Network
	node computational	Characteristics and its challenges; and,
	blocks and design	differentiate WSN with other ad-hoc networks.
	challenges narrating WSN	2 Illustrate architecture of Single WSN mote with
	fundamental entities.	Energy consumption mathematical models of a
2	Analyze and Summarize	single mote both during the transmission and
	the MAC (L-2) and	reception.
	Routing (L-3) protocols	3 Differentiate Physical Layer and Transceiver
	along with the physical	Design Considerations, MAC Protocols for
	transceiver radio design.	Wireless Sensor Networks and their
3	Describe WSN topology,	comparisons
	localization along with	4 Study different topology control and clustering
	existing hardware support	schemes with localization concepts.
	and software simulators	5 Mention some of the widely used WSN
	and programming	simulation tools and platforms with engineering
	models.	case studies.

UNIT - I: OVERVIEW OF WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS

Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks Characteristics requirementsrequired mechanisms, Difference between mobile ad-hoc and sensor networks, Applications of sensor networks- Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks

UNIT - II : ARCHITECTURES

Single-Node Architecture - Hardware Components, Energy Consumption of Sensor Nodes, Operating Systems and Execution Environments, Network Architecture - Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Gateway Concept

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UNIT - III : NETWORKING SENSORS

Physical Layer and Transceiver Design Considerations, MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks, Low Duty Cycle Protocols And Wakeup Concepts - S-MAC, Zigbee: IEEE 802.15.4 MAC Layer, The Mediation Device Protocol, Wakeup Radio Concepts, Address and Name Management, Assignment of MAC Addresses, Routing Protocols- Energy-Efficient Routing, Geographic Routing.

UNIT - IV : INFRASTRUCTURE ESTABLISHMENT

Topology Control, Clustering, Time Synchronization, Localization and Positioning, Sensor Tasking and Control.

UNIT - V : SENSOR NETWORK PLATFORMS AND TOOLS

Operating Systems for Wireless Sensor Networks, Sensor Node Hardware – Berkeley Motes, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms, Node-level Simulators, State-centric programming.

Learning Resource:

- 1. Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks," John Wiley, 2005.
- 2. Feng Zhao and Leonidas J. Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks An Information Processing Approach," Elsevier, 2007.
- 3. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, and Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks-Technology, Protocols and Applications," John Wiley, 2007.
- 4. Anna Hac, "Wireless Sensor Network Designs," John Wiley, 2003.
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105160/21

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Advanced Embedded Systems

(Professional Elective-II)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code : U18PE750EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	Define and classify embedded	On completion of the course, student
	system and to interpret design	will be able to
	process and challenges.	1 Define embedded system 8
2	Summarize the RISC concepts and	describe the embedded system
	describe the ARM architecture,	product design life cycle and
	Interpret serial and parallel bus	challenges.
	communication protocols.	2 Analyse the ARM Core embedded
3	Describe system design and co-	design and its programming model.
	design issues along with various	3 Apply knowledge to design
	laboratory, IDE tools and design	networked embedded systems using
	case studies.	serial, parallel and wireles
		communication protocols.
		4 Justify the importance of hardward
		software co-design and model
		involved.
		5 Acquire the knowledge o
		embedded IDEs to design and
		specify debugging techniques.

UNIT – I : Embedded System Design

Introduction, Trends, Definition, Classifications; Embedded Product Development Life Cycle. CPU selection–hardware, software, memories and I/O. Challenges in designing Embedded System; Design Metric of Embedded System.

UNIT - II: ARM Processor Fundamentals

Nomenclature; Core Architecture; AMBA Bus–ASB, APB; Registers; operating modes; Pipeline; Introduction to Thumb Mode; Exceptions, OBD using JTAG; ARM Core Revisions and comparisons; Overview of Cortex Cores; Case Study of LPC2148 & LPC1768 (Qualitative Analysis Only)

UNIT - III: Embedded Networking

Traditional Networking Vs Embedded Networking; issues involved; Networking through serial protocols: UART, I2C, SPI, CAN, IEEE1394 and USB; PCI for embedded systems.

Porting of TCP/IP: Socket selection; HTTP client-server model; Design considerations; example case study of embedded web server.

UNIT - IV: Hardware Software Co-Design

Single-processor and Multi-Processor Architectures, PCI express bus interface and protocols, comparison of Co-Design Approaches; Formulation of the HW/SW scheduling, Optimization of Design Metric: Case study of Embedded Adaptive Cruise Control Design.

UNIT - V: Embedded Software Architectures & Debugging Methods

Embedded Software Development Tools: Host and Target machines, native tools–IDEs; cross-compilers, GCC

Embedded Software Architectures: Round Robin, RR with Interrupt driven, Functional Queue and introduction to RTOS.

Debugging Methods: Testing on Host–Instruction set Simulators, ICE, JTAG, laboratory tools: Multi meter, CRO, Logic Analyzer & protocol sniffers.

Learning Resource:

- 1 Tony Givargis Frank Vahid "Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction" Wiley Student Edition, 2006
- 2 Andrew Sloss, Dominic Symes, Chris Wright, "ARM System Developer's Guide: Designing and Optimizing System Software", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers In, 2004
- 3 Marilyn Wolf, "Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing Systems Design", Elsevier; Third edition (2013)
- 4 NPTEL Course: Prof. Indranil Sen Gupta, Dr. Kamalika Datta, IIT Kharagpur, "Embedded System Design with ARM" https://nptel.ac.in/noc/individual_course.php?id=noc19-cs22

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

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- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments

3. No. of Ouizzes

- 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- : 30 : 5 : 5
- : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Optical Fiber Communication

(Professional Elective-II)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE760EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To familiarize with the optical sources,	On completion of the course, students
detectors and optical communication	will be able to
links.	1 Understand the principles fiber-optic
	communication, the components
	and the bandwidth advantages.
	2 Understand the properties of the
	optical fibers and optical
	components.
	3 Understand operation of optical
	sources and detectors.
	4 Analyze system performance of
	optical communication systems.
	5 Design optical networks and
	understand non-linear effects in
	optical fibers.

UNIT – I:

Introduction to vector nature of light, propagation of light, propagation of light in a cylindrical dielectric rod, Ray model, wave model.

UNIT - II:

Different types of optical fibers, Modal analysis of a step index fiber. Signal degradation on optical fiber due to dispersion and attenuation. Fabrication of fibers and measurement techniques like OTDR.

UNIT - III:

Optical sources - LEDs and Lasers, Photo-detectors - pin-diodes, APDs, detector responsivity, noise, optical receivers. Optical link design - BER calculation, quantum limit, power penalties.

UNIT - IV:

Optical switches - coupled mode analysis of directional couplers, electrooptic switches. Optical amplifiers - EDFA, Raman amplifier. WDM and DWDM systems. Principles of WDM networks

UNIT - V:

Nonlinear effects in fiber optic links. Concept of self-phase modulation, group velocity dispersion and solition based communication.

Learning Resources:

- 1 J. Keiser, Fibre Optic communication, McGraw-Hill, 5th Ed. 2013 (Indian Edition).
- 2 G. Agrawal, Fiber optic Communication Systems, John Wiley and sons, 3rd Ed, 2002.
- 3 K.C. Gupta, Opto Electronic Devices and Systems, PHI Learning, 2005.
- 4 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117101054/
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117104127/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Speech and Audio Signal Processing

(Professional Elective-II)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE770EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To understand the mechanism of	On completion of the course, students
	speech production.	will be able to
2	To analyze various speech	1 Apply the knowledge of science to
	synthesizers.	design an artificial model of speech
3	To study various types of coders and	production system.
	decoders.	2 Analyse the types of speech signals
4	To analyze speaker identification and	& convert the signals to digital.
	verification systems.	3 Synthesize the speech signal using a
	-	text as input.
		4 Design speech encoder and decoder.
		5 Also design an Automatic speech
		recognition system (ASR) by pattern
		matching method.

UNIT - I :

Applications of Digital Speech Processing, Phonetic Representation of Speech, Models for Speech Production-Schematic model of the vocal tract system, Source filter model for a speech signal production. Speech Quantization- Scalar quantization-uniform quantizer, optimum quantizer, logarithmic quantizer, adaptive quantizer, differential quantizers; Vector quantization.

UNIT - II :

Short-Time Analysis of Speech-Short-Time Energy and Zero-Crossing Rate, Short-Time Autocorrelation Function (STACF), Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT), The Speech Spectrogram, Relation of STFT to STACF. Pitch-period estimation Homomorphic Speech Analysis.

UNIT - III :

Speech Synthesis Methods, Linear predictive synthesizer, phone use synthesis, Introduction to Text-to-Speech and Articulator speech synthesis.

UNIT - IV :

Sub-band coding, Transforms coding, channel decoder, Formant decoder, Cepstral decoder, linear predictive decoder, vector quantizer coder.

UNIT - V :

Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR), The Problem of Automatic Speech Recognition, Building a Speech Recognition System, The Decision Processes in ASR, Representative Recognition Performance, Challenges in ASR Technology.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Lawrence R. Rabiner and Ronald W. Schafer, "Introduction to Digital Speech Processing", now, 2007.
- 2. Owens F.J., "Signal Processing of Speech", Macmillan, 2000.
- 3. Daniel Jurefskey & James H. Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", Pearson Education, 2003.
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117105145/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test : 30
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Network Security

(Professional Elective-II)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE780EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To acquire knowledge on standard	On completion of the course, students
	algorithms used to provide	will be able to
	confidentiality, integrity and	1 Analyze the vulnerabilities in any
	authenticity.	computing system and hence be
2	To understand the various key	able to design a security solution
	distribution and management	2 Identify the security issues in the
	schemes and to deploy encryption	network and resolve it.
	techniques to secure data in transit	3 Evaluate security mechanisms using
	across data networks.	rigorous approaches
		4 Analyze network security and web
		security requirements.
		5 Illustrate the applications in network
		security

UNIT - I :

Introduction: Attacks, Services and Mechanisms, Security attacks, Security services, A Model for Internetwork security, Classical Techniques: Conventional Encryption model, Steganography, Classical Encryption Techniques. Modern Techniques: Simplified DES, Block Cipher Principles, Data Encryption standard, Strength of DES, Block Cipher Design Principles.

UNIT - II :

Encryption: Triple DES, International Data Encryption algorithm, Characteristics of Advanced Symmetric block ciphers. Conventional Encryption Placement of Encryption function

UNIT - III :

Public Key Cryptography Principles, RSA Algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key exchange , Number Theory in brief.

UNIT - IV :

Message Authentication and Hash Functions Authentication requirements and functions, Message Authentication, Hash functions, Security of Hash functions and MACs. Digital signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital signature standards. Authentication Applications Kerberos, Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME

UNIT - V :

IP Security Overview, Architecture, Authentication, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management. Web Security: Web Security requirements, Secure sockets layer and Transport layer security, Secure Electronic Transaction. Intruders, Viruses and Worms: Intruders, Viruses and Related threats. Fire Walls: Fire wall Design Principles, Trusted systems

Learning Resources:

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice William Stallings, Pearson Education.
- 2. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) by William Stallings Pearson Education.
- 3. Fundamentals of Network Security by Eric Maiwald (Dreamtech press)
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

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- 1. No. of Internal Tests
- 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test

: 30

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- 2. No. of Assignments
- 3. No. of Quizzes :
- 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
 - zes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) Architectures

(Professional Elective-III)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE790EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To familiarize the students with the	On completion of the course, students
architectural aspects of FPGA's and	will be able to
testing technologies of FPG's.	1 Differentiate between ROM, PAL,
	PLA, SPLD, CPLD, and FPGA.
	2 Understand working of building
	blocks of FPGA
	3 Compare the features of Various
	FPGAs in terms of their
	Architecture, Configurable logic
	block.
	4 Gain knowledge on placement and
	routing algorithms adopted in
	FPGAs.
	5 Test a particular PLD using various
	techniques like design validation,
	Timing verification.

UNIT - I: Introduction to PLD's and PGA'S

Memory- Read-only memory, read/write memory - SRAM and DRAM. Programmable Logic Devices-PLAs, PALs and their applications; Sequential PLDs and their applications; State- machine design with sequential PLDs; Programmable gate arrays (pgas), Introduction to field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), design flow using FPGA, programming technologies.

UNIT - II: FPGA Architctural Aspects

Field Programmable Gate Arrays: Organization of FPGAs, Programmable Logic Block Architectures, Programmable Interconnect, Programmable I/O blocks in FPGAs, Dedicated Specialized Components of FPGAs, Applications of FPGAs

Logic Block Architectures: Logic block functionality versus area-efficiency, Logic block area and routing model, Impact of logic block functionality on FPGA performance, Model for measuring delay.

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UNIT - III: FPGA Architectures and comparision

FPGAs: Field Programmable Gate Arrays – Logic blocks, routing architecture, Logic cells and features of commercially available FPGA's-XILINX XC4000, virtexII FPGA's, XILINX SPARTAN II, Alteras Act1, Act2, Act3 FPGA's, Actel FPGA's, AMD FPGA.

UNIT - IV: Placement and Routing Algorithms in FPGA Architectures

Placement: objectives, placement algorithms: Mincut-Based placement, iterative improvement placement, simulated annealing.

Routing: objectives, segmented channel routing, Maze routing, Routability estimation, Net delays, computing signal delay in RC tree networks.

UNIT - V:Testing methods in FPGA Architectures

Digital Front End and back End tools for FPGAs & ASICs, FPGA implementation steps.Verification: introduction, logic simulation, design validation, timing verification. Testing concepts: failures, mechanisms and faults, fault coverage, ATPG methods, programmability failures.

Learning Resources:

- 1 S. Trimberger, Field Programmable Gate Array Technology, Edr, Kluwer Academic Publications, 1994.
- 2 John V.Oldfield, Richard C Dore, Field Programmable Gate Arrays, Wiley Publications 1995.
- 3 P.K. Chan & S. Mourad, Digital Design Using Field Programmable Gate Array, Prentice Hall, 1994.
- 4 S. Brown, R. Francis, J. Rose, Z. Vransic, Field Programmable Gate Array, Kluwer Pubin, 1992.
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/117108040/prof.Kuruvilla Varghese IISC Banglore

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test : 30
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- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Coding Theory and Techniques

(Professional Elective-III)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE711EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To understand the process of digital transmission	On completion of the course, students will be able to
2	To study different error control techniques in digital transmission	1 Apply the probabilistic method to construct different types of source
3	To apply encoding and decoding	codes.
	techniques	2 Identify different types of errors and to comprehend various error control code properties.
		3 Apply linear block codes and convolution codes for error detection and correction.
		4 Generate LDPC codes using Gallager's method of construction and to demonstrate the BER performance of LDPC codes.
		5 Construct Galois Fields and to apply them to generate BCH and RS codes for Channel performance improvement against burst errors.

UNIT - I:

Introduction : Coding for Reliable Digital Transmission and Storage, Types of codes, Modulation and Coding, Maximum Likelyhood Decoding, Types of errors, Source coding: Shannon-Fano coding, Huffman codes, Run-Length Encoding, Lampel-Ziv codes.

UNIT - II:

Block codes : Important Linear Block Codes, Repetition codes, Hamming codes, a class of single error-correcting and double-error correcting codes, Reed-Muller codes, the (24,12) Golay code, Product codes, Interleaved codes.

UNIT - III:

Convolutional codes : Encoding, Structural properties, State diagram, Code tree diagram, Maximum-Likelihood decoding, Soft decision and hard decision decoding, the Viterbi algorithm.

UNIT - IV:

Low Density Parity Check codes : Introduction, Galleger's method of construction, Regular and Irregular LDPC codes, other methods of constructing LDPC codes, Tanner graphs, Decoding of LDPC codes.

UNIT - V:

BCH and RS codes : Groups, Fields, Binary arithmetic, Construction of Galois Fields $GF(2^m)$, Basic properties of Galois Fields, Introduction to BCH and RS codes.

Learning Resource:

- 1. Shu Lin and Daniel J. Costello, Jr. "Error Control Coding," 2/e, Pearson, 2011.
- 2. K Sam Shanmugum, "Digital and Analod Communication Systems," Wiley, 2010.
- 3. Simon Haykin, "Digital Communication," TMH, 2009.
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117106031/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3

3 Max. Marks for each Assignment

: 30

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3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Digital Image and Video Processing

(Professional Elective-III)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE721EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1 Students will gain an understanding	On completion of the course, students
of digital image and video processing	will be able to
techniques.	1 Mathematically represent the various
2 Students will implement various	types of images and analyze them.
enhancement, compression and	2 Process these images for the
segmentation techniques.	enhancement of certain properties or
	for optimized use of the resources.
	3 Develop algorithms for image
	compression and coding
	4 Examine various image segmentation
	techniques.
	5 Represent and process video to
	extract information

UNIT - I:

Digital Image Fundamentals-Elements of visual perception, image sensing and acquisition, image sampling and quantization, basic relationships between pixels – neighborhood, adjacency, connectivity, distance measures.

UNIT - II:

Fourier transform, FFT, Discrete cosine transform, Hadamard transform, Haar transform, Slant transform and Hotelling transform and their properties. Wavelet Transforms: Continuous Wavelet Transform, Discrete Wavelet Transforms.

UNIT - III:

Spatial enhancement techniques: Histogram equalization, direct histogram specification, Local enhancement.

Frequency domain techniques: Low pass, High pass and Homomorphic Filtering, Image Zooming Techniques. Image Degradation model, Algebraic approach to restoration, inverse filtering, Least mean square

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filter, Constrained least square restoration and interactive restoration.

UNIT - IV:

Image Compression-Redundancy-inter-pixel and psycho-visual, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic coding, Bit-plane coding, Lossless compression – predictive, Lossy compression-predictive and Transform coding techniques.

Image Segmentation- Detection of discontinuities, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding - global and adaptive, region-based segmentation.

UNIT - V:

Video formation, perception, and representation ,two dimensional motion estimation

Learning Resources:

- 1 R.C. Gonzalez and R.E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, 4th Edition, Pearson, 2018.
- 2 Anil Kumar Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall of India. 2nd edition 2004.
- 3 Video Processing and Communications Yao Wang, Jorn stermann, and Ya-Qin Zhang Prentice Hall, 2002 (Published September 2001).
- 4 Murat Tekalp, Digital Video Processing" Prentice Hall, 2nd edition 2015.
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105135/
- 6 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105079/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
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- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Network Management

(Professional Elective-III)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE731EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To familiarize the students with the	On completion of the course, students
network architectures and management	will be able to
issues.	1. Explain network management
	perspectives
	2. Apply various network management
	protocol
	3. Identify and describe TMN
	standards
	4. Analyze various management issues
	5. Demonstrate how to correctly
	maintain LAN

UNIT - I:

Overview of Data Communication and Network Management – Goals, Organization and Functions; Network Management – Architecture and Organization; Network Management Perpestives; Current Status and Future of Network Management. Network Topology, Network Node Components, Transmission Technology.

UNIT - II:

Network Management Standards, Network Management Models, Organizational Model, Information Model, Communication Model. **SNMPv1** –History of SNMP, Internet Organization and Standards, SNMP Model, Organizational Model, System Overview, Information Model. SNMP Communication Model, Functional Model.SNMPv2 and SNMv3.

UNIT - III:

TMN Conceptual Model, TMN Standards, TMN Architecture, TMN Management Service Architecture, TMN Integrated View, TMN Implementation.

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UNIT - IV:

Configuration Management, Fault Management, Performance Management, Security Management, Service Level Management, Accounting Management, Report Management, Policy-Based Management.

UNIT - V:

Setting-UP LAN Access, SNMP configuration, Switched Port Analyzer, Web Browser / Web Server Communication.IP Network Management – Configuration, Management Information Base, Simple Network Management Protocol, IP-Based Service Implementation- Network Management Issues, OSS Architecture.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Mani Subramanian "Network Management Principles and Practice", Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 2. Salah Aiidarons, Thomas Plevayk, "Telecommunications Network Technologies and Implementations", Eastern Economy Edition IEEE press, New Delhi, 1998.
- 3. Lakshmi. G, Raman, "Fundamentals of Telecommunication Network Management", Eastern Economy Edition IEEE Press, New Delhi
- 4. J. Richard Burke, "Network Mamagement: Concepts and Practice, A Hands-on Approach ", Pearson Education, 2008.

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test :
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Electronic Instrumentation

(Professional Elective-IV)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE741EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES		COURSE OUTCOMES
1	Explain basic concepts	On	completion of the course, students will be able
	and definitions in	to	
	measurement.	1	Identify different characteristics of instruments
2	Elaborate discussion		and errors in measurements.
	about the importance of	2	To use modern instruments for measurements.
	signal generators and	3	Demonstrate working principle and usage of
	analyzers in		medical instruments.
	Measurement.	4	Modeling of various applications in virtual
3	provide a brief knowledge		instrumentation.
	of measurements and	5	Analyze various voltmeters, CRO, spectrum
	measuring instruments		analyzer.
	related to engineering		-

UNIT – I

Accuracy, Precision, Resolution and Sensitivity. Errors and their types. Standards of measurement, classification of standards, IEEE standards, Elements of ISO 9001, Quality management standards.

UNIT – II

Transducers: classification, factors for selection of a transducer, transducers for measurement of velocity, acceleration, force, radio activity, Hot wire anemometer. Passive electrical transducers- Strain gauges and strain measurement, LVDT and displacement measurement, capacitive transducer and thickness measurement. Active electrical transducers: Piezo electric, photo conductive, photo voltaic and photo emissive transducers.

UNIT – III

Characteristics of sound, pressure, power and loudness measurement. Microphones and their types. Temperature measurement, resistance wire thermometers, semiconductor thermometers and thermocouples. Humidity measurement, resistive capacitive, aluminum oxide and crystal Hygrometer types.

UNIT – IV

Block diagram, specification and design considerations of different types of DVMs. Digital LCR meters, Spectrum analyzers. The IEEE488 or GPIB Interface and protocol.

Delayed time base oscilloscope, Digital storage oscilloscope, and mixed signal oscilloscope. Introduction to virtual instrumentation, SCADA. Data acquisition system block diagram

UNIT-V

Biomedical Instrumentation: Human physiological systems and related concepts. Bio-potential electrodes Bio-potential recorders - ECG, EEG, EMG, X- ray machines and CT scanners, magnetic resonance and imaging systems, Ultrasonic Imaging systems.

Learning Resources:

- 1 Albert D. Helfric, and William D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques", PHI, 2010.
- 2 H S Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", 3/e, TMH, 2011.
- 3 Nakra B.C, and Chaudhry K.K., "Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis", TMH, 2004
- 4 Khandpur. R.S., "Handbook of Bio-Medical Instrumentation", TMH, 2003.
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105064

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test
- : 30 : 5 : 5

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Satellite Communication

(Professional Elective-IV)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE751EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To understand the working principles	On completion of the course, students
	of various satellites and their	will be able to
	importance in global communication	1 Understand the importance of
2	To acquire the knowledge on	satellite communication systems
	satellite sub systems and various	and various types of satellites
	factors affecting the function of	2 Explain satellite subsystems
	communication satellite.	telemetry, tracking and command
3	To study the need of multiple access	control.
	techniques and various protocols	3 Calculate various parameters of
	being used in satellite	satellite.
	communications	4 Describe purpose of special
		communication satellites, need of
		various multiple access techniques.
		5 Analyze the performance of special
		purpose communication satellite.

UNIT – I

Evolution and growth of communication satellites, synchronous satellites, frequency allocation, orbits, orbital mechanism and kepler's laws, effects of orbital inclination, azimuth and elevation, range and angle, eclipse, placements of a satellite in geo-stationery orbit.

UNIT – II

Space segment, stabilization, communication subsystems, Telemetry, tracking and command, Attitude & orbital Control Systems, Power Systems, Earth segment, large and small Earth station antennas, Redundancy configuration, Thermal System.

UNIT - III

System noise temperature and G/T ration, Basic RF link analysis, EIRP, C/N, Interference, attenuation due to rain, cross polarization, design of uplink and down link

UNIT - IV

Multiple access techniques, FDM-FM-FDMA, SCPC companded systems, TDMA frame structure, Frame efficiency, Superframe structure, frame acquisition and synchronization, types of demand assignments, SPADE.

UNIT - V

Special purpose communication satellites, INTELAST, Global positioning system, Echo- Cancellation techniques, Protocols, Satellite applications, Indian activities in satellite communication.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Timothy Pratt and Charles W. Bostan, Satellite Communications, 2003.
- 2. Dr. D.C Agarwal, Satellite Communications 7th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 1996
- 3. Tri-T-ha, Digital Satellite Communications, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 1990.

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 M
 - 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test

: 30

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- 2. No. of Assignments
- : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Biomedical Signal Processing

(Professional Elective-IV)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE761EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To introduce the fundamentals of	On completion of the course, students will
	probability theory and random	be able to
	processes with biomedical signals	1 Apply the probability theory and
	applications.	random processes techniques in
2	To equip students with the	analyzing biological signals.
	fundamental tools that are used to	2 Determine to best class of
	describe, analyze and process	compression techniques to use for a
	biomedical signals.	particular bio medical signal to
3	To acquire the knowledge on	compress.
	fundamental principles in the analysis	3 Possess the basic mathematical,
	and design of filters, power spectral	scientific and computational skills
	density estimation and non-stationary	necessary to analyze and process
	signal processing techniques with	cardiological signals as per the
	cardiological and neurological signals.	requirement.
		4 Ability to formulate and solve basic
		problems in biomedical signal analysis.
		5 Possess the basic mathematical,
		scientific and computational skills
		necessary to analyze and process
		neurological signals as per the
		requirement

UNIT – I

Discrete and continuous Random variables: Probability distribution and density functions. Gaussian and Rayleigh density functions, Correlation between random variables.

Stationary random process, Ergodicity, Power spectral density and autocorrelation function of random processes. Noise power spectral density analysis, Noise bandwidth, noise figure of systems.

UNIT – II

Data Compression Techniques: Lossy and Lossless data reduction Algorithms. ECG data compression using Turning point, AZTEC, CORTES, Huffman coding, vector quantisation, DCT and the K L transform.

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UNIT – III

Cardiological Signal Processing: Pre-processing. QRS Detection Methods. Rhythm analysis. Arrhythmia Detection Algorithms. Automated ECG Analysis. ECG Pattern Recognition. Heart rate variability analysis.

Adaptive Noise Cancelling: Principles of Adaptive Noise Cancelling. Adaptive Noise Cancelling with the LMS Adaptation Algorithm. Noise Cancelling Method to Enhance ECG Monitoring. Fetal ECG Monitoring.

UNIT – IV

Signal Averaging, polishing – mean and trend removal, Prony's method, Prony's Method based on the Least Squares Estimate, Linear prediction. Yule – walker (Y –W) equations, Analysis of Evoked Potentials.

UNIT-V

Neurological Signal Processing: Modelling of EEG Signals. Detection of spikes and spindles Detection of Alpha, Beta and Gamma Waves. Auto Regressive (A.R.) modelling of seizure EEG. Sleep Stage analysis. Inverse Filtering. Least squares and polynomial modelling.

Learning Resources:

- Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles Peyton Z. Peebles, 4th ed., 2009, TMH.
- 2. Biomedical Signal Processing- Principles and Techniques D.C.Reddy, 2005, TMH.
- 3. Digital Bio signal Processing Weitkunat R, 1991, Elsevier.
- 4. Biomedical Signal Processing Akay M, IEEE Press.
- 5. Biomedical Signal Processing –Vol. I Time & Frequency Analysis Cohen.A, 1986, CRC Press.
- 6. Biomedical digital Signal Processing: C-Language Experiments and Laboratory Experiments, Willis J.Tompkins, PHI.
- 7. <u>https://nptel</u>.ac.in/courses/108105101/ Biomedical Signal Processing by Prof.Sudipta Mukhopadhyay. IITKGP
- 8. <u>http://www</u>.ecdept.iitkgp.ac.in/index.php/home/faculty/smukho

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Voice and Data Networks

(Professional Elective-IV)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE771EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To introduce students to the concepts	On completion of the course, students
of Voice & Data Networks.	will be able to
	1 Design Voice and Data Networks.
	2 Apply switching techniques.
	3 Apply protocols corresponding to
	various layers
	4 Design sub netting
	5 Analyze various networks issues

UNIT – I

Network Design Issues, Network Performance Issues, Network Terminology, centralized and distributed approaches for networks design, Issues in design of voice and data networks.

UNIT – II

Layered and Layer less Communication, Cross layer design of Networks, Voice Networks (wired and wireless) and Switching, Circuit Switching and Packet Switching, Statistical Multiplexing.

UNIT – III

Data Networks and their Design, Link layer design- Link adaptation, Link Layer Protocols, Retransmission. Mechanisms (ARQ), Hybrid ARQ (HARQ), Go Back N, Selective Repeat protocols and their analysis.

UNIT – IV

Queuing Models of Networks, Traffic Models, Little's Theorem, Markov chains, M/M/1 and other Markov systems, Multiple Access Protocols, Aloha System, Carrier Sensing, Examples of Local area networks,

UNIT-V

Inter-networking, Bridging, Global Internet, IP protocol and addressing, Sub netting, Classless Inter domain Routing (CIDR), IP address lookup, Routing in Internet. End to End Protocols, TCP and UDP. Congestion Control, Additive Increase/Multiplicative Decrease, Slow Start, Fast Retransmit/ Fast Recovery, Congestion avoidance, RED TCP Throughput Analysis, Quality of Service in Packet Networks.Network Calculus, Packet Scheduling Algorithms.

Learning Resources:

- D. Bertsekas and R. Gallager, "Data Networks", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1. 1992.
- L. Peterson and B. S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", 5th 2. Edition, Morgan Kaufman, 2011.
- 3. Kumar, D. Manjunath and J. Kuri, "Communication Networking: An analytical approach", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufman, 2004.
- Walrand, "Communications Network: A First Course", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 4. 2002.
- 5. Leonard Kleinrock, "Queueing Systems, Volume I: Theory", 1st Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 1975.

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test 1. No. of Internal Tests : : 30
- 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment 2. No. of Assignments :
- 3. No. of Quizzes

: 5

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3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test :

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS) :: IBRAHIMBAGH, HYDERABAD – 500 031. DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION (R-18) :: B.E. – ECE : EIGHTH SEMESTER (2021 – 22)

B.E (ECE) VIII – SEMESTER								
Course Code	Name of the Course	Scheme of Instruction		Scheme of Examination		S		
		Hours per Week		Duration	Maximum Marks		redits	
		L	Т	P/D	in Hrs	SEE	CIE	C
	THEORY							
U18PE8XXEC	Professional Elective – V	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
U18PE8XXEC	Professional Elective – VI	3	-	-	3	60	40	3
	PRACTICALS							
U18PW819EC	Project work / Internship	-	-	12	Viva-Voce	50	50	6
-	MOOCs Certification Course : 8 or 12 weeks duration	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	TOTAL			12		170	130	14
GRAND TOTAL			18			3	800	

	Professional Electives (R – 18) : Semester – VIII			
Pro	Professional Elective – V			
1	U18PE810EC	Low Power VLSI Design		
2	U18PE820EC	Global Positioning System		
3	U18PE830EC	Image and Video processing using Machine Learning		
4	U18PE840EC	Optical Networks		
Pro	Professional Elective – VI			
5	U18PE850EC	Real Time Systems		
6	U18PE860EC	Radar and Navigation Systems		
7	U18PE870EC	Adaptive Signal Processing		
8	U18PE880EC	Software Defined and Cognitive Radio networks		

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Project work / Internship

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII - SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week): 0:0:12	SEE Marks : 50	Course Code: U18PW819EC
Credits : 6	CIE Marks : 50	Duration of SEE : Viva-Voce

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Prepare the student for a systematic	On completion of the course, students
and independent study of the state of	will be able to
the art topics in a broad area of his /	1. Selection of a suitable topic /
her specialization.	problem for investigation and
	presentation.
	2. Carryout literature survey and
	prepare the presentation.
	3. Formulating the problem, identify
	tools and techniques for solving the
	problems.
	4. Clear communication and
	presentation of the seminar topic.
	5. Apply ethical principles in preparation
	of project seminar report.

Oral presentation is an important aspect of engineering education. The objective of the seminar is to prepare the student for a systematic and independent study of the state of the art topics in a broad area of his / her specialization.

Project seminar topics may be chosen by the student with advice and approval from the faculty members. Students are to be exposed to the following aspects of seminar presentation.

- Literature Survey
- Organization of the material
- Presentation of OHP slides / PC presentation
- Technical writing

Each student is required to:

- 1. Submit a one-page synopsis before the seminar talk for display on the notice board.
- 2. Give a 20 minutes presentation through OHP, PC, Slide project followed by a 10 minutes discussion.
- Submit a report on the seminar topic with list of references and slides used.

Project reviews are to be scheduled from the 3rd week of the semester to the last week of the semester and any change in schedule should be discouraged.

- > Batch size shall be 2 (or) 3 students per batch.
- > Project allocation by department.
- ➤ Two reviews One during 5th week and another during 10th week and final evaluation shall be conducted during 15th to 16th week.
- > Students are required to give Presentations during the reviews.
- > Students are required to submit project report.

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Low Power VLSI Design

(Professional Elective-V)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE810EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1. To acquire knowledge of power dissipation in VLSI circuits.	On completion of the course, students will be able to
2. Apply low power techniques in VLSI circuits.	 Understand the basics of VLSI technology. Apply the physics of power dissipation.
	3 Analyze the circuit techniques for dynamic power dissipation.
	4 Apply the circuit techniques for leakage reduction.
	5 Design low power arithmetic operators.

UNIT - I :

Physics of power dissipation in CMOSFET devices: introduction, Submicron MOSFET, Power dissipation in CMOS, short circuit dissipation , dynamic dissipation , load capacitance, Body Effect , Short Channel Effects , MOS Capacitances , Hot Carrier Effects.

UNIT - 11 :

CMOS Technology and Devices : Evolution of CMOS Technology, BiCMOS Technology, SOI CMOS Technology, Threshold Voltage , Narrow Channel Effects, Mobility & Drain Current, Subthreshold Current, Electron Temperature, Velocity Overshoot.

UNIT - III :

Circuits Techniques for Dynamic Power Reduction: Dynamic Power Consumption Components, Circuit Parallelization, Memory Parallelization, Voltage Scaling-Based Circuit Techniques: Multiple Voltages Techniques, Low Voltage Swing, Precomputation, Retiming, Gated Clocks, Circuit Technology-Dependent Power Reduction, Path Balancing.

UNIT - IV :

Circuit Techniques for Leakage Reduction: Leakage Components, Subthreshold Leakage Gate Leakage, Source/Substrate and Drain/Substrate P-N Junction Leakage, Circuit Techniques to Reduce Leakage in Logic, Dual Threshold CMOS, Multiple Supply Voltage, Runtime Standby Leakage Reduction Techniques, Leakage Control Using Transistor Stacks (Self-Reverse Bias), Sleep Transistor, Dynamic Vdd Scaling (DVS) • Dynamic Vth Scaling (DVTS).

UNIT - V :

Low-Power Arithmetic Operators : Introduction, Addition, 1-Bit Addition Cells, Sequential Adder, Propagate and Generate Mechanisms, Carry Select Adder, Carry Skip Adder, Logarithmic Number System, Logarithmic Adders, Power/Delay Comparison.

Learning Resources:

- 1. Low power cmos circuits technology, logic design and cad tools by Chtristian piguet.
- 2. Low power cmos vlsi circuit design by Koushik Roy & Sharath prasad.
- 3. Low-Voltage CMOS VLSI Circuits , James B. Kuo
- 4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments

3 Max. Marks for each Assignment

30

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3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Global Positioning System

(Professional Elective-V)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE820EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To study basics of mathematics and	On completion of the course, students
	science related to GNSS	will be able to
	constellations	1 Apply the knowledge of basic
2	To understand the different	mathematics and science to
	coordinates for representation user	understand the different GNSS
	position.	constellations
3	To study the different errors of GPS	2 Use of different coordinate systems
4	To understand the GPS data formats	used in user position estimation
	for use of different applications	3 Identifying the various errors of
5	To acquire the knowledge of	GPS.
	augmentation systems.	4 Interpret the GPS data for different
		applications.
		5 Importance of augmentation
		systems in various diversified
		applications.

UNIT - I :

GPS Fundamentals: GPS Applications , GPS Constellation, Principle of operation, GPS Orbits, Orbital mechanics and satellite position determination, Time references, Geometric Dilution of Precision: Geometrical dilution of Precision, Veritical dilution of precision, Position dilution of precision.

UNIT - II :

Coordinate Systems and errors: Geometry of ellipsoid, geodetic reference system. Geoid, Ellipsoid, Global and Regional datum, World geodetic system- 84, Different coordinate systems, Various error sources in GPS: Satellite and receiver clock errors, Ephemeris error, Atmospheric errors, Receiver measurement noise and User Equivalent Range Error.

UNIT - III :

GPS measurements: GPS signal structure, C/A and P-codes, Code and carrier phase measurements, position estimation with pseudo range measurements, Spoofing and anti spoofing, GPS navigation and observation data formats.

UNIT - IV :

GPS Augmentation systems: Code-based and carrier based Differenetial GPS(DGPS) Techniques, DGPS errors, Wide area augmentation system-architecture, GAGAN, Local area augmentation system concept.

UNIT - V :

GPS Modernization and other satellite navigation systems: Future GPS satellites, New signals and their benefits, Hardware and Software improvements, GPS integration – GPS/Geo Information System, GPS/Inertial Navigation Systedm, GPS/pseudolite, GPS/cellular, GLONASS, Galileo System.

Learning Resources:

- 1 Pratap Misra and Per Enge, "Global Positioning System Signals, Measurement, and Performance," Ganga- Jamuna Press, 2/e, Massachusetts, 2010.
- 2 G.S.Rao, Global Navigation Satellite Systems, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2010.
- 3 Satheesh Gopi, "Global positioning system: Principles and Application", TMH, 2005.
- 4 B.Hofmann-Wellenhof, H.Lichtenegger, and J.Collins, "GPS Theory and Practice," Springer Verlog, 2008.
- 5 Bradford W.Parkinson and James J. Spilker, "Global Positioning System: Theory and Application," Vol.II, American Institution of Aeronautices and Astronautics Inc., Washington, 1996.

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6 https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/105107062/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test :
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Image and Video Processing Using Machine Learning

(Professional Elective-V)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE830EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To introduce students to the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning and become familiar with regression methods, classification methods, clustering methods.	 On completion of the course, students will be able to Describe basic concepts of Machine Learning Identify machine learning techniques suitable for a given problem Solve the problems using various machine learning techniques Analyze mathematical relationships within and across Machine Learning algorithms and the paradigms of supervised and un-supervised learning. Design and implement various machine learning algorithms in a range of real-world applications.

UNIT - I :

Introduction to Machine learning, Core concepts, Data inconsistencies, Practical Machine learning applications, Types of learning problems, Machine learning architecture, Machine learning algorithms.

Linear Regression, Cost Function, Gradient descent and Logistic Regression.

UNIT - 11 :

Working with Decision tress: Basics of Decision trees, uses, Advantages, Limitations, different algorithm types - ID3, C4.5, CART Bayesian Networks: Graph theory, probability theory, Bayes theorem, working of Bayesian Networks, Node counts, using Domain Experts.

UNIT - III :

Support vector Machines: Definition of SVM, uses of SVM, Basic classification principles, How Support Vector Machines Approach classification, Clustering: Definition of clustering, clustering types-K-

means, Agglomerative hierarchical, DBSCAN.

UNIT - IV :

Deep learning: Background, Deep learning Taxonomy, Convolutional Neural networks, Recurrent Neural Networks, Restricted Boltzmann Machine, Deep Boltzmann Machine, Autoencoders.

UNIT - V :

Applications of Machine learning: Image retrieval, Face recognition, Video classification. Image Segmentation using K-means clustering, Satellite Image Classification using Decision Trees.

Learning Resources:

- 1 Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill Education; 1st edition, 2017.
- 2 Introduction to Machine Learning, Ethem Alpaydin, third edition, PHI.
- 3 Machine Learning for Big Data: Hands on for developers and technical professionals wiley publications, 2018 by Jason Bell.
- 4 Practical Machine Learning. Sunila Gollapudi, Packt publishers, 2016.
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105152/
- 6 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106139/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

: 30 : 5 : 5

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Optical Networks

(Professional Elective-V)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE840EC
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
To introduce students to the	On completion of the course, students will be able
concepts of Optical Network	to
design.	1 Implement SONET for communication.
	2 CO2: Contribute in the areas of optical network
	and WDM network design.
	3 CO3: Implement simple optical network and
	understand further technology developments for
	future enhanced network.
	4 CO4: Contribute in the area of network
	survivability.
	5 CO5: Design WDM Network

UNIT - I :

SONET/SDH: optical transport network, IP, routing and forwarding, multiprotocol label switching.

UNIT - II :

WDM network elements: optical line terminals and amplifiers, optical add/drop multiplexers, OADM architectures, reconfigurable OADM, optical cross connects.

UNIT - 111 :

Control and management: network management functions, optical layer services and interfacing, performance and fault management, configuration management, optical safety.

UNIT - IV :

Network Survivability: protection in SONET/SDH & client layer, optical layer protection Schemes.

UNIT - V :

WDM network design: LTD and RWA problems, dimensioning wavelength routing networks, statistical dimensioning models. Access networks: Optical time division multiplexing, synchronization, header processing, buffering, burst switching, test beds, Introduction to PON, GPON, AON.

Learning Resources:

- 1 Rajiv Ramaswami, Sivarajan, Sasaki, "Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective", MK, Elsevier, 3rd edition, 2010.
- 2 C. Siva Ram Murthy and Mohan Gurusamy, "WDM Optical Networks: Concepts Design, and Algorithms", PHI, EEE, 2001

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments
- 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- : 30 : 5 : 5

3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Real Time Systems

(Professional Elective-VI)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE850EC		
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours		

COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1 To Familiarize students with the	On completion of the course, students
aspects of developing a Real Time	will be able to
System and Policies for I/O	1 Differentiate the design principles for
management, memory management	hard and soft real time systems.
and fault tolerance in Real Time	2 Compare different scheduling
Systems.	algorithms and the schedulability
	criteria for a real time system.
	3 Determine schedulability of a set of
	periodic tasks when sharing
	resources avoiding dead lock.
	4 Compare different commercial RTOS
	and choose specific type for a
	particular application.
	5 To analyze evaluation techniques and
	reliability models for Hardware
	Redundancy

UNIT - I : Real Time System Characteristics

Introduction to RTS, Types of RTS, Task Types, Jobs – Periodic, Sporadic, Aperiodic, Applications of RTS, Predictability, Reference Model, Types of schedulers, Cyclic and Priority based Schedulers and problem analysis.

UNIT - II : Real Time Schedulers

Cyclic, priority based schedulers – static/dynamic – RM, EDF, LST, Optimality of EDF, Non-optimality of EDF, Scheduling with precedence constraints, Multiprocessor scheduling – static and dynamic systems, Problems of Predictability in multi-processor systems, Preemptive and non-preemptive priority based scheduling in uniprocessor systems.

UNIT - III : Resource sharing and Deadlock avoidance

Resource Control Model, Priority Inversion, Uncontrolled Priority Inversion, Disadvantages of Priority inversion, Priority Inheritance Protocol, Deadlocks due to Priority Inheritance Protocol, Priority Ceiling Protocol, Deadlock Avoidance, Analysis of Priority Ceiling Protocol, Stack Sharing Priority Ceiling Protocol, Priority Ceiling Protocol in Dynamic Priority Systems, Multiple units of resources, Priority ceiling, Preemption ceiling and stack based preemption ceiling protocol.

UNIT - IV : Commercial RTOS

Unix and Windows as RTOS, Real-time POSIX, Different Types of commercial RTOS, features of VxWorks, μ COS and RTLINUX. Memory, I/O management policies and Interrupt handling in Different RTOS. Comparison and study of RTOS: Vxworks and μ COS

UNIT - V: Fault-Tolerance Techniques & RTOS Application Domains

What causes failures, Fault types, Fault detection, Hardware and software Redundancy.

Case studies: RTOS for Image Processing – Embedded RTOS for voice over IP – RTOS for fault Tolerant Applications – RTOS for Control Systems.

Learning Resources:

- 1 uC/OS-III: The Real-Time Kernel and the Freescale Kinetis ARM Cortex-M4 Hardcover, 2011, Micrium, ISBN-13: 978-0982337523.
- 2 Jane W S Liu, "Real Time Systems" 2018 edition, Pearson, India.
- 3 David E. Simon "An Embedded Software Primer" Addison-Wesley publisher, 2004, ISBN 020161569X.
- 4 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105036/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments :
- 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment

: 30

: 5

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3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Radar and Navigation Systems

(Professional Elective-VI)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE860EC		
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours		

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES			
1	Derive and understand the Radar	On completion of the course, students			
	range equation and the parameters	will be able to			
	that depends on	1 Derive and discuss Radar range			
2	Analyze the working of Various	equation and nature of detection			
	Radars	2 Describe about CW Radar and MTI			
3	Understand the different Navigation	radar			
	methods	3 Interpret different tracking radars			
		4 Explain principles of navigation, in			
		addition to approach and landing			
		aids as related to navigation			
		5 Describe about the navigation			
		systems using the satellite			

UNIT - I :

Introduction to radar, radar block diagram and operation, radar frequencies, Applications of radar, Prediction of range performance, minimum detectable signal, receiver noise, SNR, Integration of radar pulses, radar cross-section of targets, PRF and range ambiguities, transmitter power, system losses.

UNIT - II :

Doppler effect, CW radar, FM CW radar, multiple frequency CW radar. MTI radar, blind speeds, delay line cancellers, staggered PRF, limitations to the performance of MTI radar.

UNIT - III :

Tracking radars: Sequential lobing, Conical scan, Monopulse: amplitude comparison and phase comparison methods, Radar antennas. Radar displays. Duplexer.

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UNIT - IV :

Direction Finding - Four methods of Navigation, Loop Antenna as direction finding, An Aural Null Direction Finder, Adcock Direction Finders, Direction Finding at Very High Frequencies: The LF/MF Four course Radio Range, VHF Omni Directional Range(VOR), Errors in Direction Finding.

UNIT - V :

Hyperbolic Navigation Systems: Principle of Hyperbolic Navigation Systems: Loran and Decca and Omega System, GPS principle and operation, Position location determination and applications.

Learning Resource:

- 1. Merrill I. Skolnik ," Introduction to Radar Systems", 2nd Edition Tata Mc Graw-Hill 2017.
- 2. N.S.Nagaraja, "Elements of Electronic Navigation Systems", 2nd Edition, TMH, 2000.
- 3. Peyton Z. Peebles:, "Radar Principles", John Wiley, 2004 2. J.C Toomay, "Principles of Radar", 2nd Edition –PHI, 2004.
- 4. Radar Systems and Radio Aids to Navigation, Sen & Bhattacharya, Khanna publishers
- 5. NPTEL Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101108056/3

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

- 1. No. of Internal Tests : 2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test
- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Adaptive Signal Processing

(Professional Elective-VI)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE870EC		
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours		

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES
1	To introduce some practical aspects	On completion of the course, students
	of signal processing, and in	will be able to
	particular adaptive systems	1 Design and apply optimal minimum
2	The basic principles of adaptation	mean square estimators and in
	which cover various adaptive signal	particular linear estimators.
	processing algorithms (e.g., the LMS	2 Implement and analyze Wiener
	algorithm, RLS algorithm) and its	filters and evaluate their
	applications, such as adaptive noise	performance.
	cancellation, interference cancelling,	3 Implement and apply LMS, RLS, and
	system identification	Kalman filters for given applications.
		4 Estimate the innovation process for
		Kalman filtering problem.
		5 Analyze vector Kalman filters for
		target tracking

UNIT - I :

Approaches to the development of adaptive filter theory. Introduction to filtering, smoothing and prediction. Wiener filter theory, introduction; Error performance surface; Normal equation; Principle of orthogonality; Minimum mean squared error;

UNIT - 11 :

Gradient algorithms; Learning curves; LMS gradient algorithm; LMS stochastic gradient algorithms; convergence of LMS algorithms.

UNIT - III :

Applications of adaptive filter to adaptive noise cancelling, Echo cancellation in telephone circuits and adaptive beam forming

UNIT - IV :

Kalman Filter theory; Introduction; recursive minimum mean square estimation for scalar random variables; statement of the Kalman filtering problem: the innovations process; Estimation of state using the innovations process; Filtering examples

UNIT - V :

Vector Kalman filter formulation. Examples. Applications of Kalman filter to target tracking.

Learning Resource:

- 1 Simon Haykins, "Adaptive signal processing", PHI, 1986. 3rd EDITION
- 2 Sophoclas, J. Orphanidies, "Optimum signal processing an introduction", McMillan, 1985.
- 3 Bernard Widrow, "Adaptive signal processing", PHI,1986
- 4 Bozic. SM., Digital and kalman Filtering
- 5 https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/117105026/

The break-up of CIE : Internal Tests + Assignments + Quizzes

1. No. of Internal Tests : 2

2 Max. Marks for each Internal Test

- 2. No. of Assignments : 3 Max. Marks for each Assignment
- 3. No. of Quizzes : 3 Max. Marks for each Quiz Test

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Software Defined & Cognitive Radio Networks

(Professional Elective-VI)

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. VIII – SEMESTER

L:T:P (Hrs./week) : 3:0:0	SEE Marks : 60	Course Code: U18PE880EC		
Credits : 3	CIE Marks : 40	Duration of SEE : 3 Hours		

	COURSE OBJECTIVES	COURSE OUTCOMES			
1	To understand basic architecture of	On completion of the course, students			
	software defined radio	will be able to			
2	To study signal processing devices	1 Gain knowledge on software defined			
	and architectures	radio and cognitive radio.			
3	To describe spectrum sensing	2 Describe about signal processing			
	techniques of cognitive radio	devices and architectures			
		3 Discuss on software and hardware			
		architecture of Software Defined and			
		Cognitive Radio.			
		4 Analyze spectrum sensing methods			
		5 Implement CR and SDR applications			
l		on to FPGA and ASICS.			

UNIT - I :

Introduction to SDR: What is Software-Defined Radio, The Requirement for Software-Defined Radio, Legacy Systems, The Benefits of Multi-standard Terminals, Economies of Scale, Global Roaming, Service Upgrading, Adaptive Modulation and Coding, Operational Requirements, Key Requirements, Reconfiguration Mechanisms, Handset Model, New Base-Station and Network, Architectures, Separation of Digital and RF, Tower-Top Mounting, BTS Hoteling, Smart Antenna Systems, Smart Antenna System Architectures, Power Consumption Issues, Calibration Issues, Projects and Sources of Information on Software Defined Radio

UNIT - II :

Basic Architecture of a Software Defined Radio: Software Defined Radio Architectures, Ideal Software Defined Radio Architecture, Required Hardware Specifications, Digital Aspects of a Software Defined Radio, Digital Hardware, Alternative Digital Processing Options for BTS Applications, Alternative Digital Processing Options for Handset Applications, Current Technology Limitations, A/D Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Power Consumption, Derivation of Minimum Power Consumption, Power Consumption Examples, ADC Performance Trends, Impact of Superconducting Technologies on Future SDR Systems.

UNIT - III :

Signal Processing Devices and Architectures: General Purpose Processors, Digital Signal Processors, Field Programmable Gate Arrays, Specialized Processing Units, Tilera Tile Processor, Application-Specific Integrated Circuits, Hybrid Solutions, Choosing a DSP Solution. GPP-Based SDR, Non real time Radios, High-Throughput GPP-Based SDR, FPGA-Based SDR, Separate Configurations, Multi-Waveform Configuration, Partial Reconfiguration, Host Interface, Memory-Mapped Interface to Hardware, Packet Interface, Architecture for FPGA-Based SDR, Configuration, Data Flow, Advanced Bus Architectures, Parallelizing for Higher Throughput, Hybrid and Multi-FPGA Architectures, Hardware Acceleration, Software Considerations, Multiple HA and Resource Sharing, Multi-Channel SDR.

UNIT - IV :

Cognitive Radio : Techniques and signal processing History and background, Communication policy and Spectrum Management, Cognitive radio cycle, Cognitive radio architecture, SDR architecture for cognitive radio, Spectrum sensing Single node sensing: energy detection, cyclostationary and wavelet based sensingproblem formulation and performance analysis based on probability of detection Vs SNR. Cooperative sensing: different fusion rules, wideband spectrum sensingproblem formulation and performance analysis based on probability of detection Vs SNR.

UNIT - V :

Cognitive Radio: Hardware and applications: Spectrum allocation models. Spectrum handoff, Cognitive radio performance analysis. Hardware platforms for Cognitive radio (USRP, WARP), details of USRP board, Applications of Cognitive radio

Learning Resource:

- 1 "RF and Baseband Techniques for Software Defined Radio" Peter B. Kenington, ARTECH HOUSE, INC, 2005.
- 2 "Implementing Software Defined Radio", Eugene Grayver, Springer, New York Heidelberg Dordrecht London, ISBN 978-1-4419-9332-8 (eBook) 2013.
- 3 "Cognitive Radio Technology", by Bruce A. Fette, Elsevier, ISBN 10:0-7506-7952-2, 2006.
- 4 "Cognitive Radio, Software Defined Radio and Adaptive Wireless Systems", Hüseyin Arslan, Springer, ISBN 978-1-4020-5541-6 (HB), 2007

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Professional Electives (R-18)

(Students can opt for all professional electives from single stream or several streams)

Professional Embedded Systems and Elective Stream VLSI Stream Er		Com Engine	ommunication neering Stream		Signal Processing Stream		Networking Stream	
VII - Semester								
Professional Elective – I	U18PE710EC	IoT Architectures and protocols	U18PE720EC	Mobile Cellular Communication	U18PE730EC	DSP Processors and Architectures	U18PE740EC	Wireless Sensor Networks
Professional Elective – 11	U18PE750EC	Advanced Embedded Systems	U18PE760EC	Optical Fiber Communication	U18PE770EC	Speech and Audio Signal Processing	U18PE780EC	Network Security
Professional Elective – 111	U18PE790EC	Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) Architectures	U18PE711EC	Coding theory and Techniques	U18PE721EC	Digital Image and Video Processing	U18PE731EC	Network Management
Professional Elective – IV	U18PE741EC	Electronic Instrumentation	U18PE751EC	Satellite communication	U18PE761EC	Biomedical Signal Processing	U18PE771EC	Voice and Data Networks
			V	III – Semest	er			
Professional Elective – V	U18PE810EC	Low Power VLSI Design	U18PE820EC	Global Positioning System	U18PE830EC	Image and Video processing using Machine Learning	U18PE840EC	Optical Networks
Professional Elective – VI	U18PE850EC	Real Time Systems	U18PE860EC	Radar and Navigation Systems	U18PE870EC	Adaptive Signal Processing	U18PE880EC	Software Defined and Cognitive Radio networks